IF THE DEAD RISE NOT? I COR. 15:12-19,29-34

Introduction:

- A. Some in the church at Corinth did not believe in the resurrection of anyone.
 - 1. v12.
 - Not a disbelief in the resurrection of Jesus, but of anyone.
- B. Paul presented proof of the resurrection of Jesus.
 - 1. The gospel presents this truth.
 - There were living witnesses.
 - a. Cephas, the twelve, 500 brethren, James, and all the apostles.
 - b. Paul had seen Jesus. v8.
- C. Paul now proposes a hypothetical question.
 - 1. What would happen, if Christ be not raised?
 - 2. Theologically and practically?

I. CHRIST IS NOT RISEN. VIS

- A. "But if there is no resurrection of the dead, then is Christ not risen."
 - If no person rises, then Christ is not risen.

II. PREACHING IS VAIN. V14a

- A. "and if Christ be not risen, then is our preaching vain"
 - 1. vain = empty, without purpose.
 - The gospe! message is not "good news."

III. YOUR FAITH IS VAIN. V14b

- A. "and your faith is also vain."
 - 1. Your faith is directed towards a lie.

IV. WE ARE FALSE WITNESSES. U15

- A. "yea, and we are found false witnesses of God; because we have testified of God that he raised up Christ; whom he raised not up, if so be that the dead rise not."
 - 1. false witness = pseudomartur pseudo-witness.

V. YE ARE YET IN YOUR SINS. V16-17

- A. "your faith is vain; ye are yet in your sins."
 - 1. Since your faith is in a dead Saviour.
 - You have no sacrifice for your sins and therefore your sins are not forgiven.

VI. THE DEAD HAVE PERISHED. VIS

- A. "they also which are fallen asleep in Christ are perished."
 - perished = apollumi to be utterly ruined and destroyed, to be lost.

VII. WE HOPE IN A LIE. V19

- A. "if in this life only we have hope in Christ, we are of ail men most miserable."
 - miserable = elections finding pity that succours, hence pitiable, piteous.

VIII. PAUL INTERRUPTS WITH AN ELLIPSES.

- A. This is a common method of inserting needed information. We may think of v20-28 as parenthetical statements. Figures of speech used in the Bible, E. Bullinger, pages 41-43 Baker Book House, originally printed 1898.
- B. These verses, 20-28, are affirmatives. They tell us Christ has done and will do because He has arisen and because we will be raised.

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C. In order to properly understand these verses we will continue Paul's original question, "If Christ be not raised," v20-28 will be considered in the next message.

IX. BAPTISM PRESENTS A FALSE PICTURE. U29

- A. "Else what shall they do which are baptized for the dead, if the dead rise not at all? Why are they then baptized for the dead?
- B. Baptism portrays the death, burial, and resummention of Christ. If the dead rise not, why baptize with reference to death?

X. WE RISK OUR LIVES FOOLISHLY. V30-32

- A. The believers were in jeopardy. v30
 - 1. jeopardy = Kirduneuo to be in danger.
- B. Paul faced death daily. v31
 - I affirm this, brethren, by my glorying in you, as I justly do in Christ Jesus our Lord, I face death every day!
- C. He risked his life unnecessarily, v32
 - If, as the saying is, I fought wild beasts at Ephesus, what good is an ordeal like that, if there is no life after this one.
 - 2. It is not clear what Paul means. He was a Roman citizen and it is unlikely that he was in the arena. However, he did suffer greatly. This may have reference to people.

XI. THE CORINTHIANS SHOULD BE AROUSED. V33-34

- A. Do not have close fellowship with these people. v33
 - "Be not deceived; evil communications corrupt good manners."

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- communications. = omilia a being together, or in company with anyone. close.
- corrupt = phtheiro to spoil, to corrupt, to destroy, bring into a worse state.
- 4. manners = ethos = an accustomed seat; the habits and custom of man, his disposition, his character.
- 5. We usually assume some of the attitudes of those we live with closely.
- B. Wake up and do what is right! v34a.
 - 1. Come to your senses and stop sinning.
 - 2. Don't fellowship with these people and allow them to confuse you and become listless.
- C. These people do not know God. v34b.
 - 1. Some of you are totally ignorant about God.
 - 2. He does not mean they are unsaved, but ignorant!
- D. They should be ashamed.
 - 1. You should be ashamed that I have to write like this
 - 2. "I speak this to your shame."